PENSION SCHEMES ACT 1993, PART X DETERMINATION BY THE DEPUTY PENSIONS OMBUDSMAN

Applicant Mr John Atkinson

Scheme EMI Group Pension Fund (the Fund)

Respondent(s) EMI Group Pension Trustees Limited (the Trustee)

Subject

Mr Atkinson has complained about the change to the method and the late retirement factors used to calculate his late retirement pension and that he was not informed of the change before or after it occurred.

Mr Atkinson had received quotations of his late retirement pension at specific times after his normal retirement date but following a revision to the method of how a late retirement pension is calculated the new quotation he received in November 2013 was lower than before. He believes he has been misled and that the previous basis on which he decided to defer his pension after normal retirement date should be continued.

The Deputy Pensions Ombudsman's determination and short reasons

The complaint should be partially upheld against the Trustee. The benefits have been calculated in accordance with the rules and there was no requirement to inform members of a change to method for calculating the late retirement increase or factors either before or after the change occurred. However Mr Atkinson was mislead over how the pension would increase in late retirement and as a result he has suffered a loss of expectation for which he should be compensated. I therefore direct that the Trustee should pay Mr Atkinson £500 for this loss of expectation and the distress and inconvenience he has suffered.

DETAILED DETERMINATION

Material Facts

- Mr Atkinson left employment with EMI on 20 May 1983 and was entitled to a deferred pension payable from his normal pension age of 60 on 22 May 2007.
- 2. Mr Atkinson received a statement from the administrators on 23 February 2007 which was headed "An update of your Deferred Entitlement from the EMI Group Pension Fund" and said that he was entitled to a pension from age 60 of £5,585.04 per annum. The statement also said "If you defer drawing pension the £5,585.04 per annum increases during the period of deferment."

Page 5 of the Deferred Entitlement statement set out how the pension of £5,585.04 per annum had been calculated and gave information on how the pension would increase if Mr Atkinson decided not to start drawing it from age 60 and is reproduced in the Appendix. The statement said that his pension of £5,585.04 per annum would increase by:

- "(a) 1/12th of 5%* for each complete month of deferment plus
- (b) the lower of (i) the increase in RPI in the previous year and (ii) 5%"
- 3. As Mr Atkinson was still working he decided to defer drawing his pension. On 5 March 2012 the Fund administrators wrote to Mr Atkinson and said that as he was approaching the normal retirement date of 22 May 2012 (his 65th birthday) they were sending a summary of benefits and how to claim them.
- 4. The Retirement Statement set out the options available for retirement from 22 May 2012 as a pension of £9,540.80 a year or a lump sum and a reduced pension. The statement also contained a section on page 2 entitled Important Notes and at the bottom of that page it said in bold "All of the benefits mentioned in this Statement are subject to the Trust Deed and Rules of the Fund". Mr Atkinson says he called the administrators to ask whether the pension would be expected to grow over the following year if he deferred payment. The answer he received was yes, 5% or above. On this basis Mr Atkinson says he decided to defer payment of his pension for another year.
- 5. In August 2012 Mr Atkinson received a letter from the Chairman of the Trustee regarding the agreement of the Company's owners Citigroup to inject more money into the Fund. The key features of that agreement were an immediate

PO-5018

- payment of £240 million into the Fund, agreement to buy-out the benefits for all members in full with an insurance company within five years and a new Principal Employer for the Fund, whose obligations were guaranteed by Citigroup Inc.
- 6. In March 2013 Mr Atkinson called the administrators to defer his pension again as he was still in full time employment.
- 7. In July 2013 Mr Atkinson received a letter again from the Chairman of Trustee to confirm that agreement had been reached to secure all benefits with Pension Insurance Corporation.
- 8. Mr Atkinson decided to take his pension in August 2013 and contacted the Fund's administrators. He says that he was told that he could not have a retirement statement immediately and despite numerous calls it was not until 13 November 2013 that a retirement statement was issued.
- 9. The statement at 13 November 2013 showed that his pension on late retirement from 1 December 2013 would be £8,878.96 a year. This was lower than the £9,540.80 a year figure quoted in March 2012. Mr Atkinson contacted the administrators to query the reduction and was informed that this was due to a change in the late retirement factors and this would apply from his 60th birthday.
- 10. Mr Atkinson queried the position and after going through both stages of the Internal Dispute Resolution Procedure brought his complaint to this office.

The Fund Rules

- II. Rule 4.2 of the Trust Deed and Rules dated 22 March 1983 says the following in respect of late retirement:
 - "(I) A member who having remained in service after pension date ceases to be in service shall be entitled to a pension commencing on the day following such cessation and continuing during the remainder of his life
 - (2) The yearly amount of the pension payable under 4.2 (I) shall be the smaller of the relevant maximum and that of the pension to which he would have been entitled if he had ceased to be in service at pension date increased by such amount as the Trustee after consulting the actuary determines to be appropriate"
- 12. Rule 4.5 (3)(iii) of the Trust Deed and Rules dated 4 October 1999 says:
 - "if the pension begins after the day following Pension Date its amount shall be increased by such amount (if any) as the Trustee (after consulting the Actuary) determines to be appropriate"

Summary of Mr Atkinson's position

- 13. Mr Atkinson has asked for details and copies of the Rules which allowed the calculation method and factors to be changed used but despite repeated requests has not been provided with the Rules that cover his situation. The Rules dated 4 October 1999 have a disclaimer on the first page which says:
 - "Sections 2 to 5 of the Rules (together with the definitions relevant to those Sections in Section I) set out the benefit structure applicable to and in respect of Members in Service on or after 4 October 1999. Different benefits may be applicable to and in respect of Members who left before that date."
- 14. As Mr Atkinson left service before 4 October 1999 these Rules would not be applicable to him. The Trustee has provided a copy of the Thorn EMI Rules dated 22 March 1983 but Mr Atkinson was contributing from 2 October 1969 to 20 May 1983.
- 15. Mr Atkinson says that the Deferred Entitlement Statement he received in 2007 set out clearly the manner by which his pension would increase in late retirement. There were no qualifications that the benefits were subject to the Trust Deed and Rules. Furthermore Mr Atkinson does not see that the wording of Rule 4.5(3)(iii) allows the Trustee to backdate the calculation to age 60 ignoring and overriding the earlier calculation method.
- 16. Mr Atkinson has noted from the report on factors produced by the Actuary that he recommended a change to the method for calculating the late retirement increase. This was to bring the calculation method into line with the expectation that the benefits would be secured with an insurance company within five years.
- 17. Also following input from the Pensions Advisory Service Mr Atkinson believes that the Trustee has a legal duty to disclose the change in the late retirement pension calculation method from annual compounding of all components and that this may also be a material alteration under the Disclosure of Information Regulations. The Trustee should not be allowed to change the method retrospectively.
- 18. Mr Atkinson has also noted from the meeting minutes supplied that the Actuary deliberately took the more pessimistic short term view of investments, due to the apparent need to wrap up the transfer in the shortest period of time.

19. There was also a deliberate withholding from pensioners of critical information on the effects of the agreement the Trustee had forged with Citigroup and PIC, which would adversely affect the deferred pensioners (late retirees).

Summary of the Trustee's position

- 20. The starting point in calculating the benefits for Mr Atkinson is the deferred pension that he was entitled to at the date of leaving. This pension is then revalued to the date at which it could have been paid to the member without actuarial reduction (which for Mr Atkinson was age 60). Having calculated this benefit, the increases that this pension would have accrued between age 60 and the date of payment are then added. Finally, a late retirement factor is added to the benefit to reflect the fact it is coming into payment at a later date. This late retirement factor for Mr Atkinson applies from age 60 until the date on which the pension comes into payment.
- 21. The late retirement factors used by the Fund are reviewed from time to time by the Fund Actuary to ensure they remain reasonable and to meet the particular circumstances of the Fund at any time. The Actuary conducted a review of the factors in late 2012 and made recommendations to the Trustee in March 2013. Having considered the Actuary's recommendations, the Trustee adopted the Actuary's recommended late retirement increase basis and factors with effect from 1 April 2013.

Conclusions

22. It does appear to me that there has been some confusion over the terms that have been used in this case and I believe it appropriate if I just define the membership status and terms for identifying Mr Atkinson's status during the period between leaving the company and drawing their pension. The status is as follows:

Deferred pensioner – for the period between leaving EMI and pension age (age 60)

Late retiree – period between pension age and drawing pension Pensioner - drawing pension.

- 23. The main area of concern is what additional benefit should be provided by the Fund for the period that Mr Atkinson was a late retiree and whether this is consistent with the Rules.
- I will deal firstly with the question of the Rules and whether Mr Atkinson is covered by the Rules dated 4 October 1999 (the 1999 Rules). Mr Atkinson says that the disclaimer on page I excludes him from being covered by the 1999 Rules. I do not agree as my view is that the disclaimer simply confirms that the 1999 Rules cover the benefits for members in service on or after 4 October 1999. It does not mean that members who were not in service on that day are excluded as indeed the disclaimer goes on to say "different benefits may be applicable to and in respect of Members who left before that date." The 1999 Rules are also referred to as the consolidated rules which means that all previous rules have been combined into the one document. I therefore find that Mr Atkinson is covered by the Rules dated 4 October 1999.
- 25. Rule 4.5 (3)(iii) of the Trust Deed and Rules dated 4 October 1999 is quite clear that on late retirement the pension "shall be increased by such amount (if any) as the Trustee (after consulting the Actuary) determines to be appropriate." The Trustee therefore has the power to apply a late retirement increase in whatever manner it decides subject to receiving appropriate advice from the Actuary. There is no prescribed manner or method for calculating the late retirement increase and the 1999 Rules do not say that notice has to be given to members or that a change in the method of calculating the late retirement increase or factors can only be a future change.
- 26. The Rules in effect say that the member's right to a late retirement increase is at a rate to be decided by the Trustee on advice from the Actuary. It is not an entitlement or an accrued right until the member actually draws his pension and the relevant late retirement benefit calculation has been performed. So a change in the way a late retirement increase is calculated for someone who is yet to draw his pension is not a change to an accrued right.
- 27. I have also looked at the previous Rules dated 22 March 1983 and see that the basis for calculating the late retirement increase has remained consistent as both say that the pension will be increased by such amount as the Trustee after consulting the Actuary determines to be appropriate.

- 28. There is no suggestion that the pension figures that Mr Atkinson was sent in March 2012 were inaccurate. They were based on the late retirement factors and method applicable at that time. The two questions that have been posed is whether the manner in which the late retirement increase was calculated in November 2013 was correct and whether Mr Atkinson should have been informed of a change to the way in which the late retirement increase was calculated. Mr Atkinson says that there would have been a statutory duty to do so.
- 29. On the first of these questions it is clear from the Rules that the Trustee has the power to amend the way the late retirement increase and factors are calculated subject to advice from the Actuary. It is a common practice to review the factors after an actuarial valuation.
- 30. Mr Atkinson had however built up an expectation that his benefits would increase at a compound rate of increase as outlined in the Deferred Entitlement Statement issued in February 2007. The 2007 statement gave details of the method by which a late retirement increase would be calculated and was the method in force at the time. The 2007 statement was however in my view deficient in a couple of areas as it did not say that the benefits were subject to the Trust Deed and Rules or that the method could be changed. Mr Atkinson decided to become a late retiree and expected that his pension would increase in line with the manner outlined in the February 2007 statement.
- 31. Mr Atkinson received a Retirement Statement in March 2012 which set out the pension options available if he were to draw his pension from his 65th birthday. The calculation method used to calculate the late retirement increase for the pension figures quoted to Mr Atkinson in March 2012 was a straightforward compound rate based on the method outlined in the February 2007 Deferred Entitlement Statement. This statement did clearly state that the benefits were subject to the Trust Deed and Rules of the Fund.
- 32. A new basis for calculating the late retirement increase was introduced from April 2013 described as a 'rolled up back payment' method and this was the method in in force when Mr Atkinson decided to take his pension benefits from August 2013. I can understand Mr Atkinson's surprise and disappointment when he received details of the lower pension that would be payable from August

- 2013. The pension was however calculated in accordance with the 1999 Rules and the Trustee was able to change the method by which the late retirement increase was calculated. There is no rigid method of calculation that must be adopted by a pension scheme and it was for the Trustee to agree the method and basis to be used.
- 33. The Actuary recommended changes to reflect the lower investment return assumed and the expectation that the benefits would be insured with an insurer within five years. Mr Atkinson has said that the Actuary deliberately took the more pessimistic short term view of investments, due to the apparent need to wrap up the transfer in the shortest period of time. I can see no evidence that the Actuary was influenced by any other factors or indeed that this was a pessimistic short term view of investments, the recommendation to use a lower rate of investment return was based on his professional opinion.
- 34. There is no statutory duty to inform members of a change to the method by which a late retirement increase or late retirement factors are calculated. There is no such requirement within the occupational pension disclosure regulations. There are some instances where members must be informed and consulted on "listed changes" to a pension scheme which are contained in the Occupational and Personal Pension Schemes (Consultation by Employers and Miscellaneous Amendment) Regulations 2006 but a change in how a late retirement increase is calculated is not one of the listed changes.
- 35. Mr Atkinson has questioned whether the change made was legal and should apply retrospectively. I do not find that the changes made fall foul of any statutory legislation. The quotation issued to Mr Atkinson in March 2012 was calculated specifically for retirement from his 65th birthday on 22 May 2012 and took into account the late retirement increase method and factors then in place. The statement did not mean that Mr Atkinson had built up an accrued right to that level of pension or that retirement at a later date would produce a bigger pension.
- 36. Mr Atkinson had an expectation that the pension he would receive would be higher, based partly on the misleading information on how the pension in late retirement would be calculated and the previous quotation he had received. However the pension figures quoted for retirement from 22 May 2012 were

only applicable if he retired on that date. He has therefore suffered a loss of expectation and not an actual loss of income. It would have been distressing to have been informed that the amount he was entitled to receive was lower and I shall therefore direct the Trustee to make a payment to compensate for the distress caused. Any award is to reflect this distress and not to compensate for any perceived loss of pension.

37. Finally Mr Atkinson has raised the possibility of the deliberate withholding from pensioners of critical information on the effects of the agreement the Trustee had forged with Citigroup and Pension Insurance Corporation, which would adversely affect the deferred pensioners (i.e. late retirees). The Trustee has strongly denied any such accusation. I can see no evidence of any such intent or actual withholding of information from Mr Atkinson. The Trustee was not obliged to give any notice of the change to the late retirement calculation method or basis and I do not expect the number of members in late retirement would have had a critical impact on the discussions regarding the buy-out of the Fund.

Directions

38. I direct that within 28 days the Trustee make a payment to Mr Atkinson of £500 in respect of the distress and inconvenience caused to him.

Jane Irvine

Deputy Pension Ombudsman

19 December 2014

Appendix

"Calculation of your current deferred entitlement

-	Original	Increase	Current
	Entitlement	so far	Entitlement
	£		£
Your GMP	329.68	8.5% 23 times	2152. 4 0
The excess over your GMP	<u> 1831.38</u>	101.63%**	<u>3692.64</u>
•	£2161.06		£5845.04

** Increases making up this figure

	.p0a c
I July 1985	1.25 (3 months @ 5% for a full year
I July 1986	2.80
I July 1987	4.10
I July 1988	4.20
I July 1989	5.00
I July 1990	5.00
I July 1991	5.00
I April 1992	3.30
I April 1993	2.60
I April 1994	1.90
I April 1995	2.90
I April 1996	3.20
I April 1997	2.50
I April 1998	3.60
I April 1999	2.80
I April 2000	1.80
I April 2001	2.90
I April 2002	0.70
I April 2003	2.90
I April 2004	2.80
I April 2005	3.50
I April 2006	2.20
I April 2007	4.40

Subsequent annual increases to your GMP and the Excess over your GM, while you defer drawing your pension, will be in April each year as follows:

- (a) 1/12th of 5%* for each complete month of deferment plus
- (b) the lower of (i) the increase in RPI in the previous year and (ii) 5%

For how the pension increases when it comes into payment see page 3.

^{*}The rate of increase depends on interest rates prevailing at the time and is therefore subject to change."